

# DISPATCH

CLASSIFIED

## References

1. What is the purpose of the study?  
 2. What are the research questions or hypotheses?  
 3. What is the significance of the study?

2201 18

SECRET, FBI JAWHUR

WMA 44-24, 25 June 1961 (paragraph 12, Attachment A)

9. On the occasion of [ ]'s last visit to this city, he was questioned in our request on the general subject of RACKE and on some previous [ ] or was identified as being in some way related to the RACKE matter. [ ]'s answers did little to advance the investigative effort, but do appear to provide definite confirmation of certain aspects of the RACKE story.

2. [ ] 7. state the following points:

1. ANAKINOV was a brilliant intelligence officer who "loved downing  
again." After he had been arrested and the KGB had been reorganized into the  
KGB and the KGB, the officers started going through all of the files again, looking  
for operational leads, etc., and while so engaged during the fall of 1952,  
ANAKINOV was found a large amount of material pertaining to the wartime work  
of the KGB. These files were referred to within the KGB as "ANAKINOV's  
files." [ ] reviewed a portion of this material only but states that  
the files dealt with all of ANAKINOV's operations against the Germans, captured  
German prisoners, and read like a novel.

6. [ ] states that ARABKOV had run very highly successful operations during the war, especially in the North Caucasus. He states that a great many Germans and Russians who had been dispatched by directly the Germans were arrested and immediately doublet and returned to Germany. [ ] believes that some of these agents could be working for the KGB today. He remembers that the operations in question took place mostly during 1944 and that many of those who were apprehended were high-ranking German officers. ARABKOV personally supervised this work and sent reports on his activities to Stalin.

9. On the general question of whether he thought that ARAKCHEV might have run operations to penetrate Nazi organizations after the war, [ ] replied, "Absolutely. ARAKCHEV was a specialist at this type of activity. If these Nazis had formed such an organization (as HANKE), he certainly had a good control over them. If BUDAGOV, for example, was one of them, I could see where

# 1613TRIMPTON

2 - ALB  
2 - COL  
2 - WAB

... ..

FE/G  
13 3 1

## CONCLUSIONS

CROSS REFERENCE TO		DATE TYPED <b>10 August 1961</b>	DATE DISPATCHED
		DISPATCH SYMBOL AND NUMBER <b>EQ 44W</b> <b>10013</b>	
		HEADQUARTERS FILE NUMBER <b>39E-6-181/1</b>	
CLASSIFICATION			
OFFICE <b>EF/G</b>	ORIGINATING TYPIST <b>dea</b>		
COORDINATING			
OFFICE SYMBOL	DATE	OFFICER'S NAME	
		DECLASSIFIED AND RELEASED BY	
		CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY	
		SOURCES METHODS EXEMPTION 3828	
		NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT	
		DATE 2000 2008	
RELEASING			
OFFICE SYMBOL	DATE	RELEASING OFFICER'S SIGNATURE	
<b>EF, EFG</b>		<b>Clare E. Petty</b>	

140.

REDACTED

RHSW 10913

the KTB would simply go up to him and threaten him with exposure. These so-called former Nazis are trapped and just don't have any other way out but to work for the KTB."

d. [ ] states that during the fall of 1952 the KTB was greatly interested in the whereabouts of a SMITH who had been a high-ranking Nazi officer. [ ] was never told the reason for the interest but assumed that SMITH must have been an agent or somebody in whom the KTB had an operational interest. [ ] remembers having sent a telegram to the KTB chief in Bern during the fall of 1952, asking the [ ] to try to find out where he was. It was known that he was somewhere in Spain, and Bern was given the names of two of his relatives or close friends, through whom efforts were to be made to locate SMITH. [ ] adds that the KTB "was always interested in SMITH" and had questioned Rudolf Hess, among others, about him and had also received information from Kurt HANSEN (who was a good friend of Hess).

e. At the time [ ] was serving as Deputy Chief of the CI Sector of the Austro-German desk, the KTB was interested in a MULLER who [ ] now believes might have been Heinrich MULLER. [ ] remembers having read about this MULLER some time between June and November 1952. The MULLER file indicated that the man in question had been arrested by SMITH, probably during the last few weeks of World War II, and that he had said at that time, "Don't shoot me. I am your agent. Take me to Moscow." [ ] further remembers that this MULLER had something to do with "Stahlhelm" or Steel Helmets (Stahlhelm) and provided the KTB with reports on this organization. Sometime in late 1952 [ ] was asked by his superior, SMITH, to give the file on MULLER to NOVALE, Chief of the Austro-German desk. [ ] never saw the file again but remembers having received two or three reports from Germany on MULLER. THIS COULD HARDLY BE GESTAPO MULLER.

f. [ ] recalls that on another occasion in the fall of 1952, NOVALE asked him to have somebody pick up from the CI (Second) Directorate all available documents on the activities of Nazis in the present northeast part of East Germany. Included was a long report listing all those Nazis who were close to Hitler, photographs of Hitler and Hermann with such persons, etc.

g. The file referred to in paragraph f. above, all of the BRANDE material, and the MULLER file were moved to a separate location in about November 1952. Thereafter, [ ] never saw any of this material, and he states that a high degree of compartmentation was put into effect with regard to all files pertaining to former Nazi officers. [ ] states that the BRANDE papers bore a stamp which read, "This Investigation File is located in the special archives of Section 2, KTB."

3. The name HANSEN seemed familiar to [ ] but unfortunately he was unable to remember in what connection. None of the other names which were presented to him (POWERS, SMITH, SMITH, SMITH, etc.) were known to him.

4. Although the above information would appear to be all that [ ] can provide at this late date, he will be in town again in a week or so and we will again have an opportunity to submit questions to him if it should appear to be worthwhile.